



**East Renfrewshire Performance Report
1st January 2021 - 31st March 2021**



SCOTTISH
FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE
Working together for a safer Scotland

**Working together
for a safer Scotland**

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East Renfrewshire Performance Report

Table of Contents

Local Fire and Rescue Service Plan Priorities	3
East Renfrewshire Activity Summary	4
Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fires	5
Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties	6
Unintentional Injury and Harm	7
Deliberate Fire Setting	8
Non-Domestic Fire Safety	9
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals	10

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Local Fire and Rescue Service⁹ Plan Priorities

The Local Fire and Rescue Service Plan has been developed to set out the priorities and objectives within East Renfrewshire and allows our local authority partners to scrutinise the performance outcomes of these priorities. We will continue to work closely with our partners in East Renfrewshire to ensure we are all **“Working Together for a Safer Scotland”** through targeting risks to our communities at a local level.

The plan has been developed to complement key partnership activity embedded across East Renfrewshire Community Plan and associated Delivery and Thematic plans. Through partnership working we will seek to deliver continuous improvement in our performance and effective service delivery in our area of operations.

The Local Fire and Rescue Plan for East Renfrewshire identified six areas for demand reduction and is subject to regular monitoring and reporting through the Police / Fire and Rescue Committee. A summary of the priorities and current activity is detailed below with further detail and analysis contained within this performance report.

	Accidental Dwelling Fires	Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties	Unintentional Injury and Harm	Deliberate Fire Setting	Non-Domestic Fire Safety	Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals
Barrhead, Liboside & Uplawmoor	3	2	2	16	1	12
Clarkston, Netherlee & Williamwood	3	0	0	6	0	10
Giffnock & Thornliebank	1	0	0	3	1	10
Newton Mearns North & Neilston	3	0	0	1	0	7
Newton Mearns South & Eaglesham	1	0	0	2	0	13

Total Incidents	11	2	2	28	2	52
Year on Year Change	● -27%	▲ 0%	● -75%	◆ 40%	● -33%	● -40%
3 Year Average Change	● -25%	● -33%	● -36%	◆ 16%	● -31%	● -5%

About the statistics within this report

The activity totals and other statistics quoted within this report are published in the interests of transparency and openness. They are provisional in nature and subject to change as a result of ongoing quality assurance and review. Because all statistics quoted are provisional there may be a difference in the period totals quoted in our reports after local publication which result from revisions or additions to the data in our systems. The Scottish Government publishes official statistics each year which allow for comparisons to be made over longer periods of time.

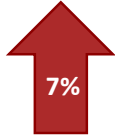
- Activity levels have reduced by more than 5%
- ▲ Activity levels have reduced by up to 5%
- ◆ Activity levels have increased overall

East Renfrewshire Activity Summary ¹⁰



48

fires
primary &
secondary



37

special
services



155

false
alarms



240
total number of
incidents



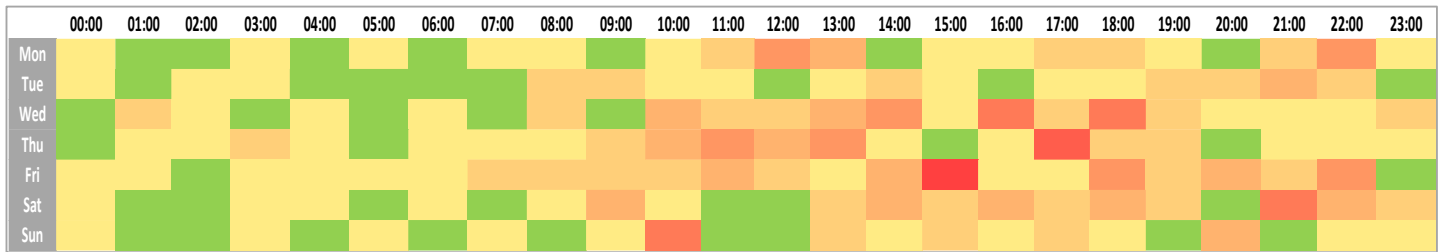
4
fire & non-fire
casualties



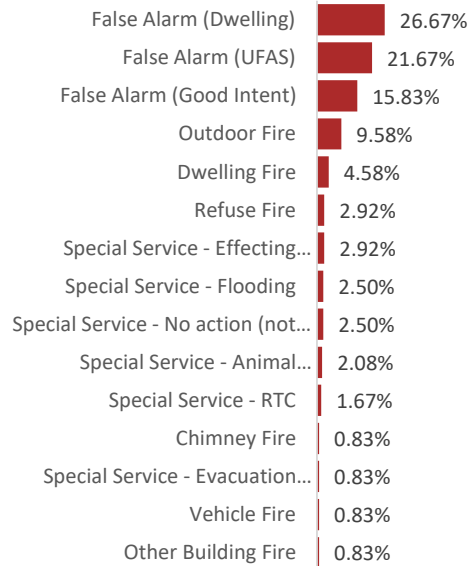
£102,440
economic cost of
ufas incidents

*data above is year on year change

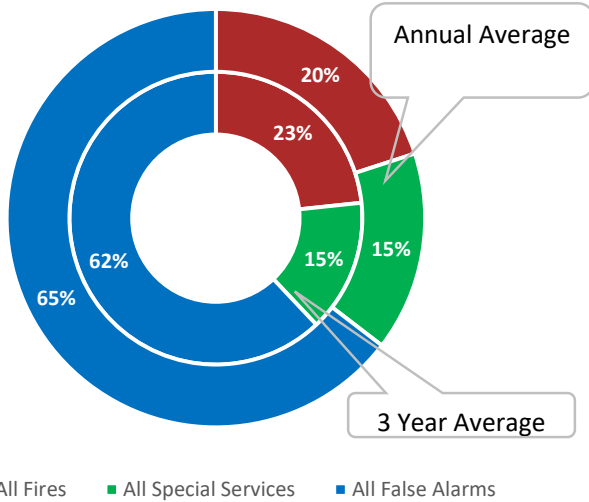
Activity by Time of Day



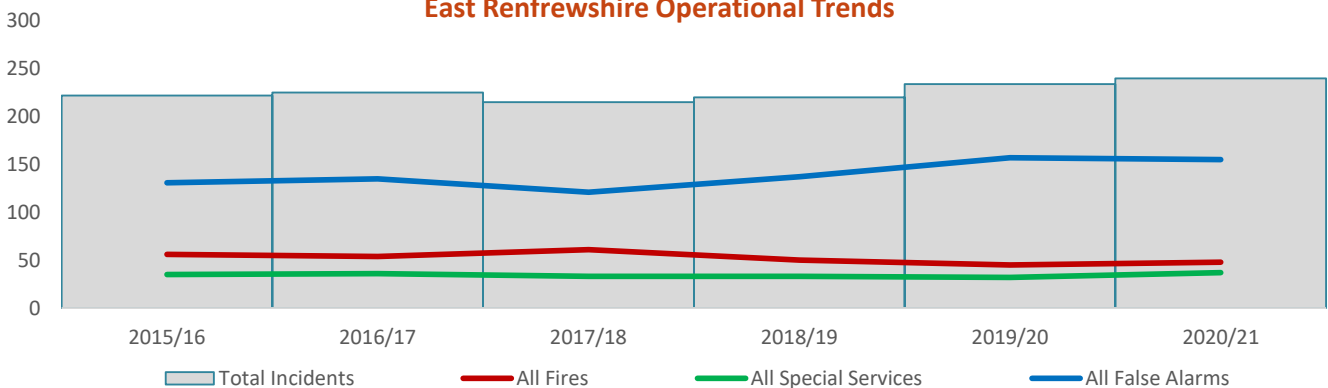
Top 15 Incidents Types by %



Incidents by Classification



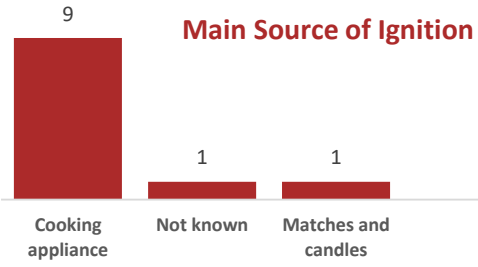
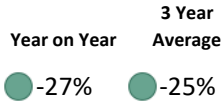
East Renfrewshire Operational Trends



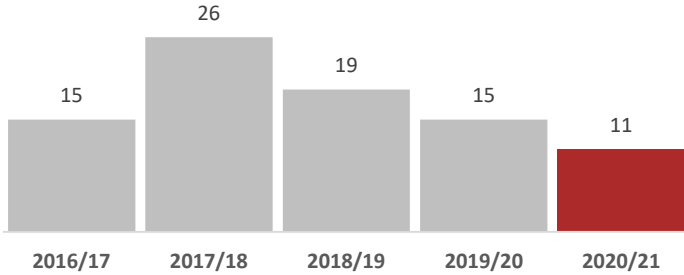
Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fires



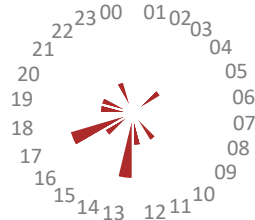
Performance Summary



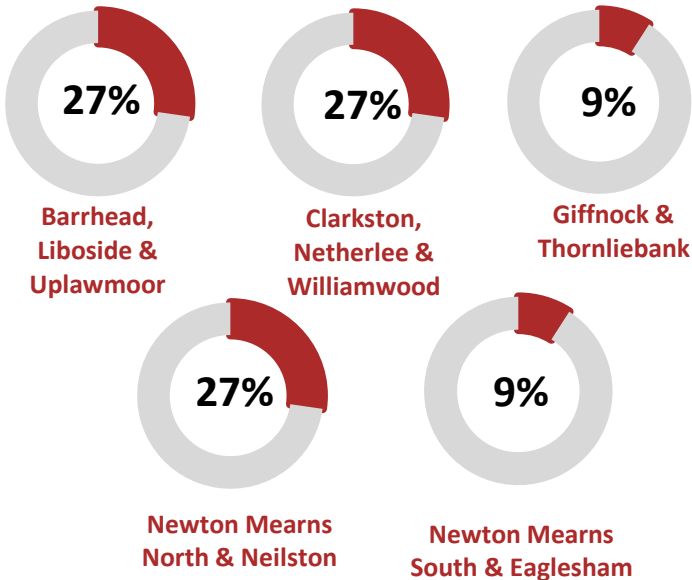
Accidental Dwelling Fires



Accidental Dwelling Fires by Time of Day



Accidental Dwelling Fires Activity by Ward (% share)



Severity of Accidental Dwelling Fires



Human Factors



Automatic Detection & Actuation



Accidental Dwelling Fires (ADF) continue to show a significant decrease on both 'year on year' and '3-year average' indicators. Cooking remains the most common source of ignition, accounting for more than 77% of the ADF's in East Renfrewshire. In 82% of the incidents smoke detection was fitted within the premises involved and in 100% of ADF's the detectors activated raising the alarm. 91% of the alarms raised were via linked systems which means that SFRS are automatically responding to the premises on behalf of the occupier. This combination has provided early warning and intervention, which is reflected in the number of ADF casualties during this quarter. In 36% there was no Firefighting action required.

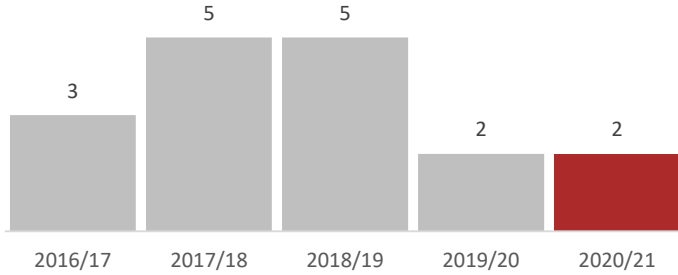
Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties

Performance Summary

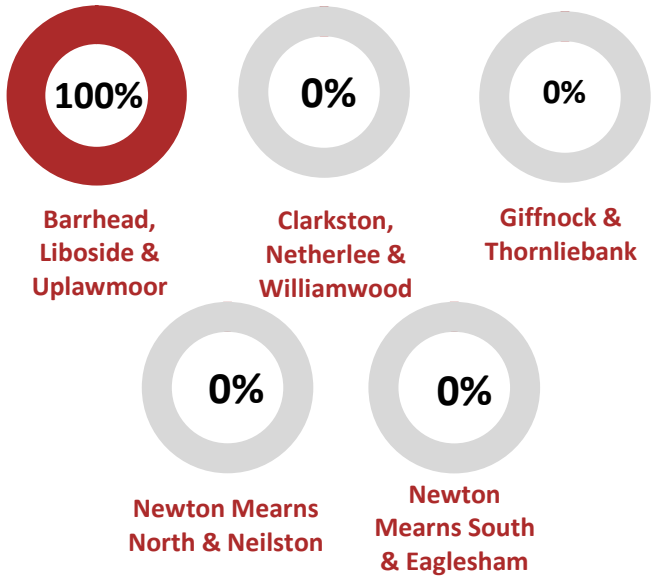


Year on Year ▲ 0% 3 Year Average ● -33%

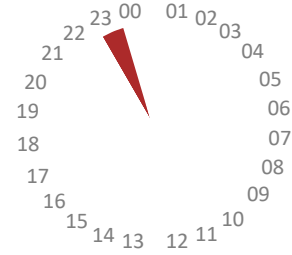
Accidental Dwelling Fires Casualties



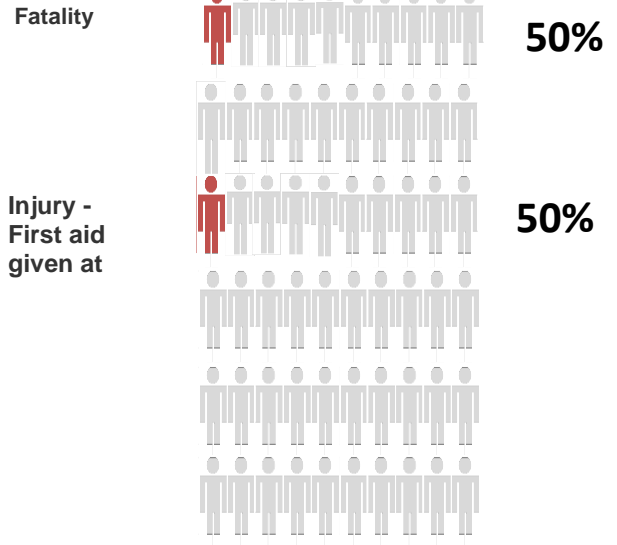
Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties by Ward (% share)



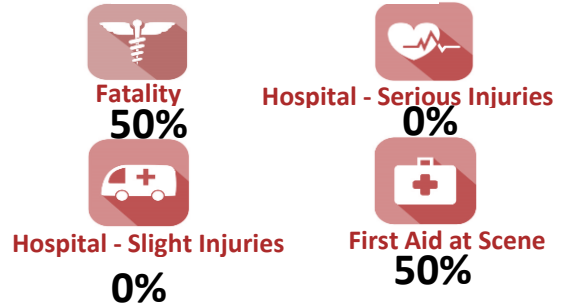
Fire Casualties by Time of Day



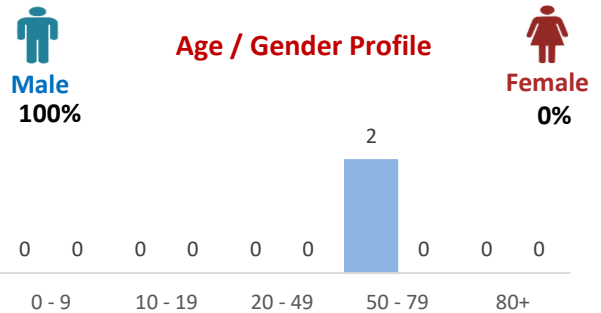
Nature of Injury



Extent of Harm



Age / Gender Profile

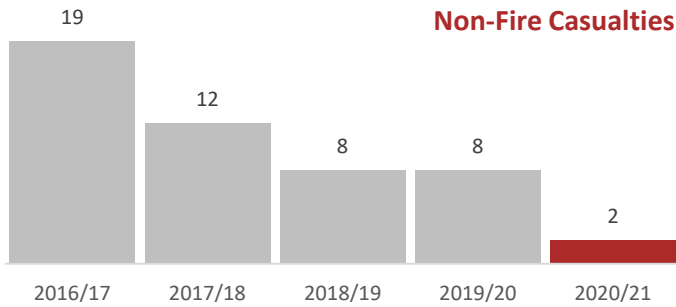
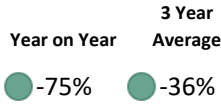


There was one casualty during this quarter and unfortunately also one fatality which is still under investigation.

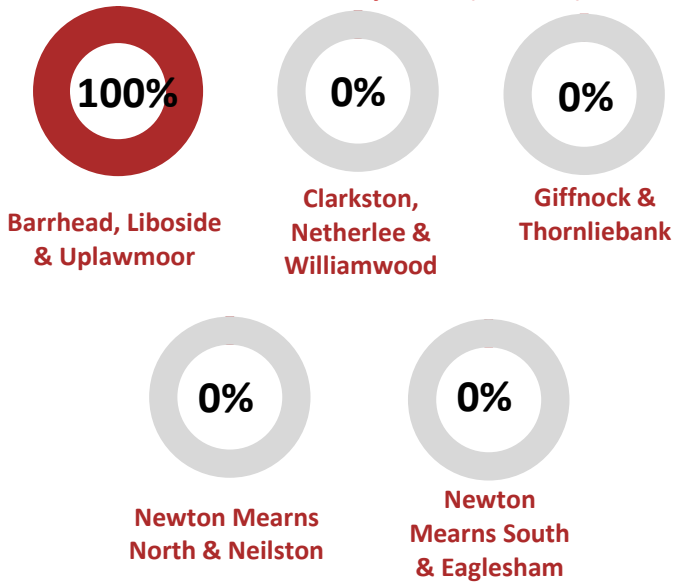
Unintentional Injury and Harm ¹³



Performance Summary

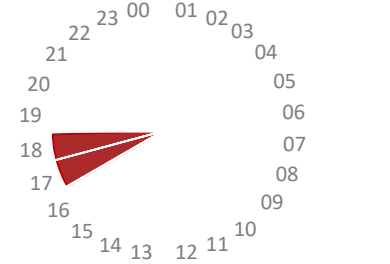


Non-Fire Casualties by Ward (% share)

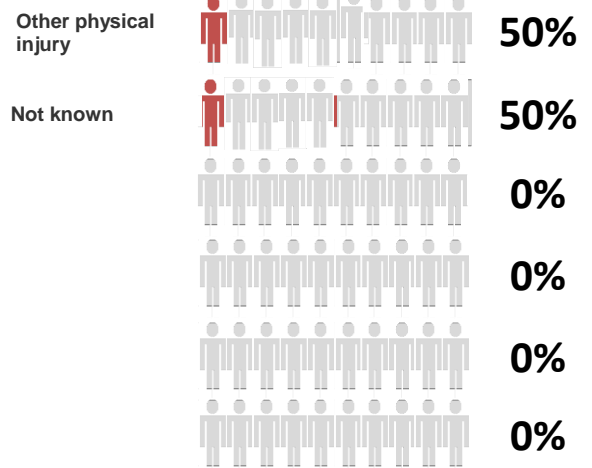


There has continued to be a significant decrease in the amount of non-fire casualties compared to the same period last year. Both incidents were assisting other agencies with one being male and one being female.

Non-Fire Casualties by Time of Day



Nature of Injury



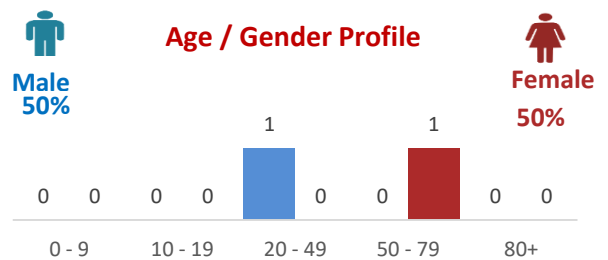
Extent of Harm



Non-Fire Emergency Activity



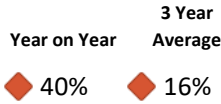
Age / Gender Profile



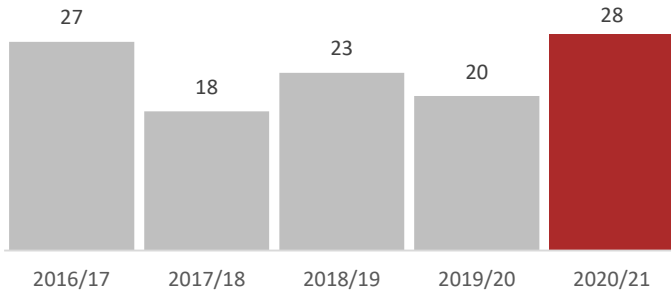
Deliberate Fire Setting



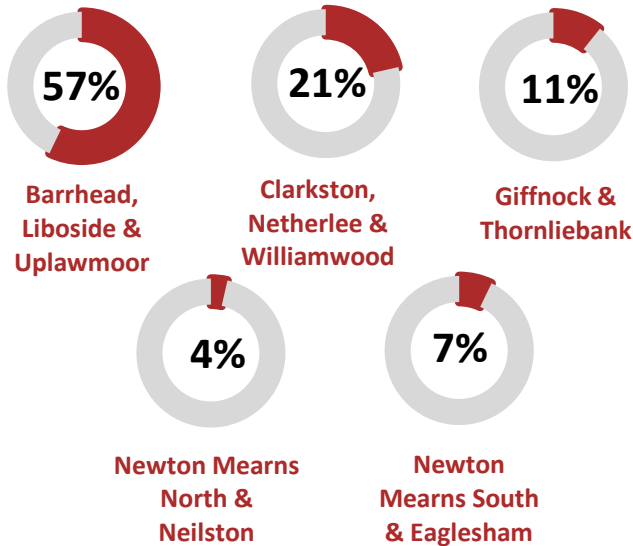
Performance Summary



Deliberate Fires



Deliberate Fires by Ward (% share)

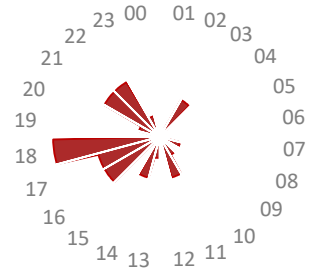


Definitions

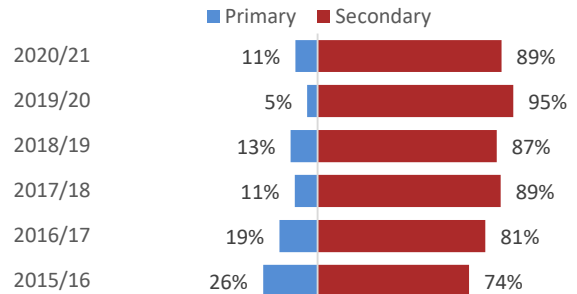
Primary Fires - all fires in buildings, vehicles and outdoor structures or any fire involving casualties, rescues or fires attended by five or more appliances

Secondary Fires - fire incidents that did not occur at a primary location, was not a chimney fire in an occupied building, did not involve casualties (otherwise categorised as a primary incident) and was attended by four or fewer appliances.

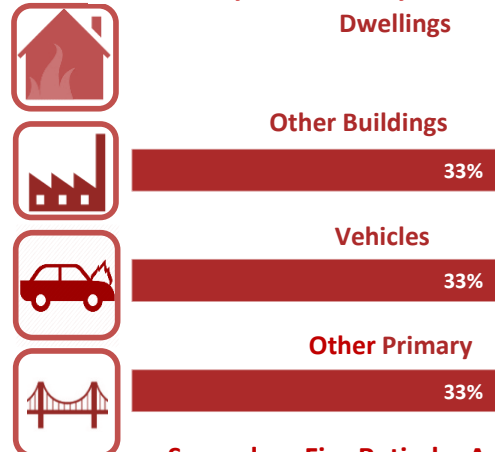
Deliberate Fires by Time of Day



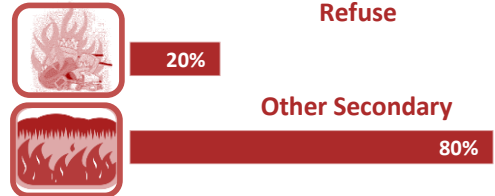
Deliberate Fires by Classification



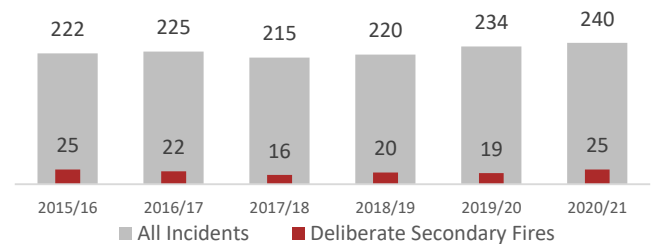
Primary Fire Ratio by Activity Type



Secondary Fire Ratio by Activity Type



Deliberate Fires Compared to Operational Activity

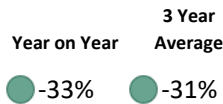


There has been an increase on the year on year indicator and the three year average with the highest percentage of the deliberate fires being of a secondary nature involving refuse. A high percentage of these can be attributed to a spike at the Stables, Boylstone Road Barrhead and on the moorland at Fereneze Golf Club between the 17/02/21 and 21/02/21

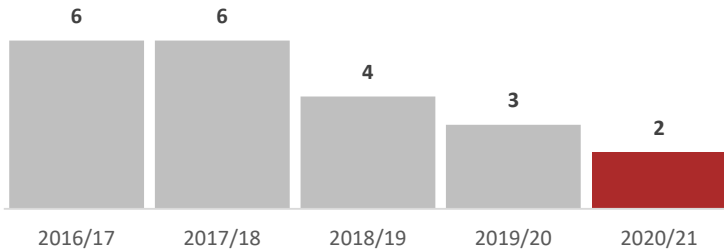
Non Domestic Fire Safety



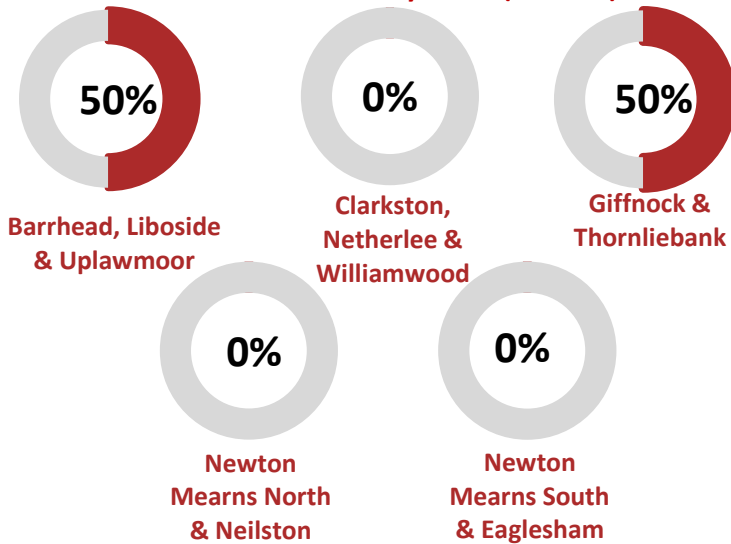
Performance Summary



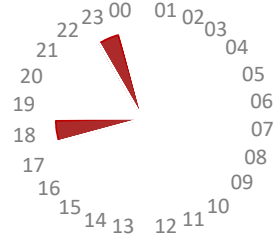
Non Domestic Fires



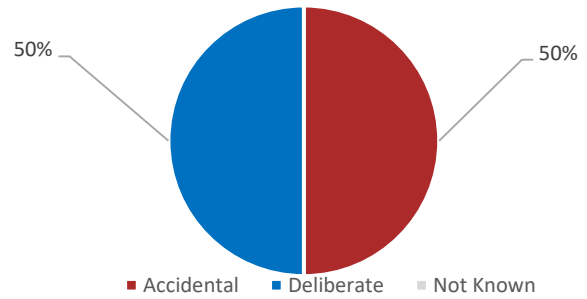
Non-Domestic Fires by Ward (% share)



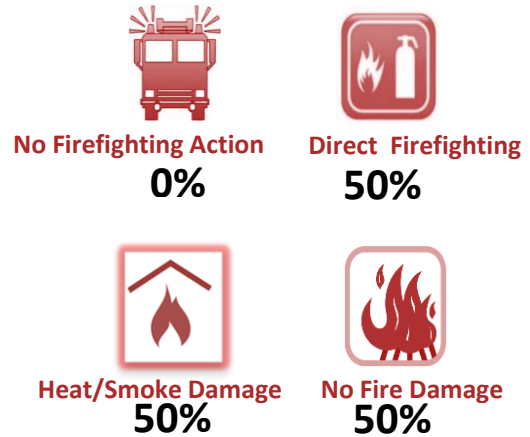
Non-Domestic Fires by Time of Day



Non-Domestic Fires by Nature of Origin



Severity of Non-Domestic Fires



Non-Domestic Fires by Premises Type

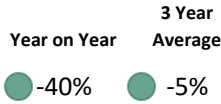


You will note there has been a significant reduction in both indicators, against figures which are already low, with one incident being deliberate at a barn at Boylestone Road and one accidental at Rouken Glen Council Offices which had a suspected electrical fault, and no firefighting action required.

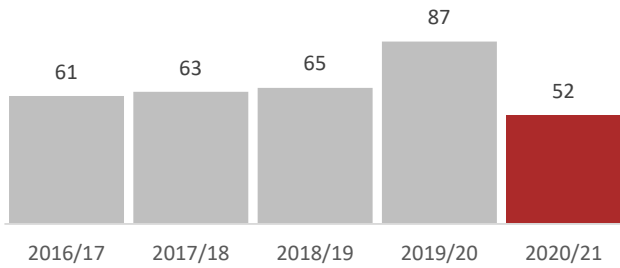
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals



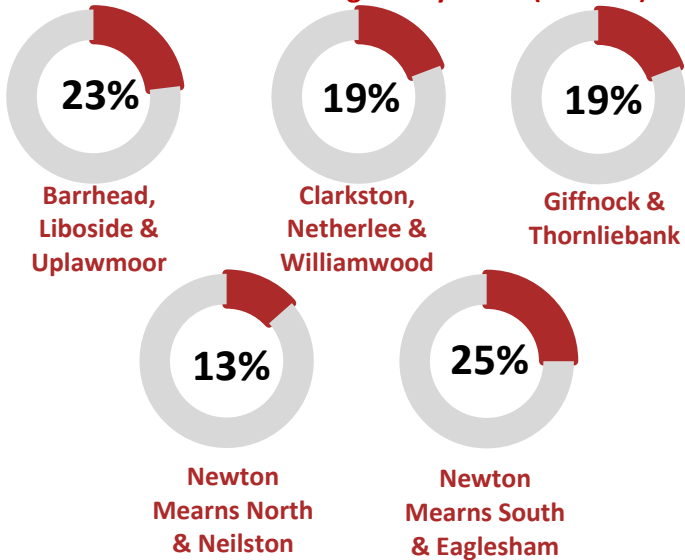
Performance Summary



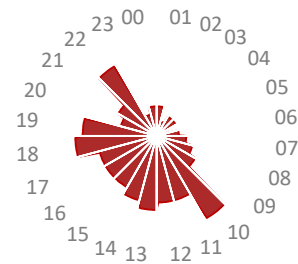
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals



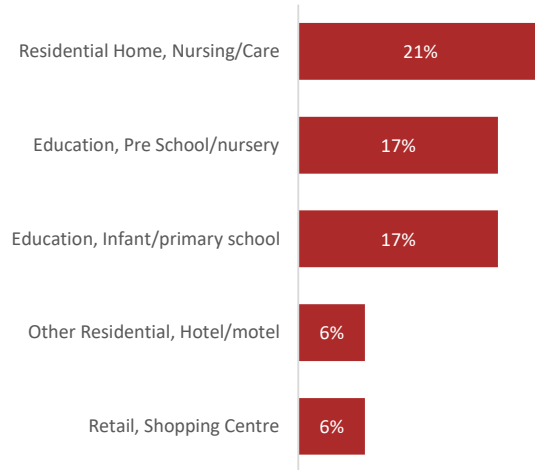
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals by Ward (% share)



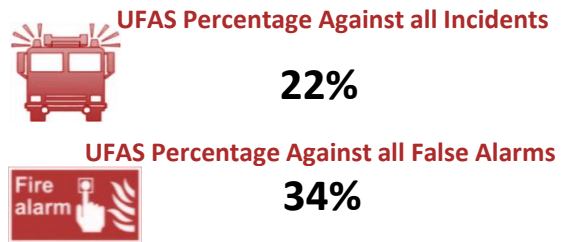
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals by Time of Day



Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals - Top 5 Premises



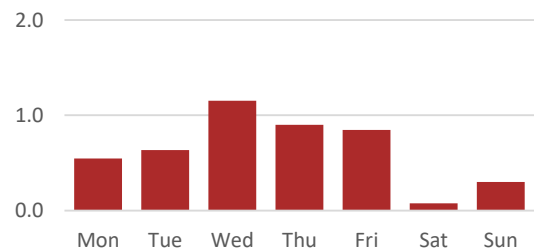
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals Activity Ratios



Human Influence and Alarm Activations



Average Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals per Day



UFAS has seen a reduction of 40% year on year and also a 5% reduction on the 3 year average and while this still has a significant economic impact, the reduction has taken place with most businesses, care homes and sheltered housing being back to full operational capacity.